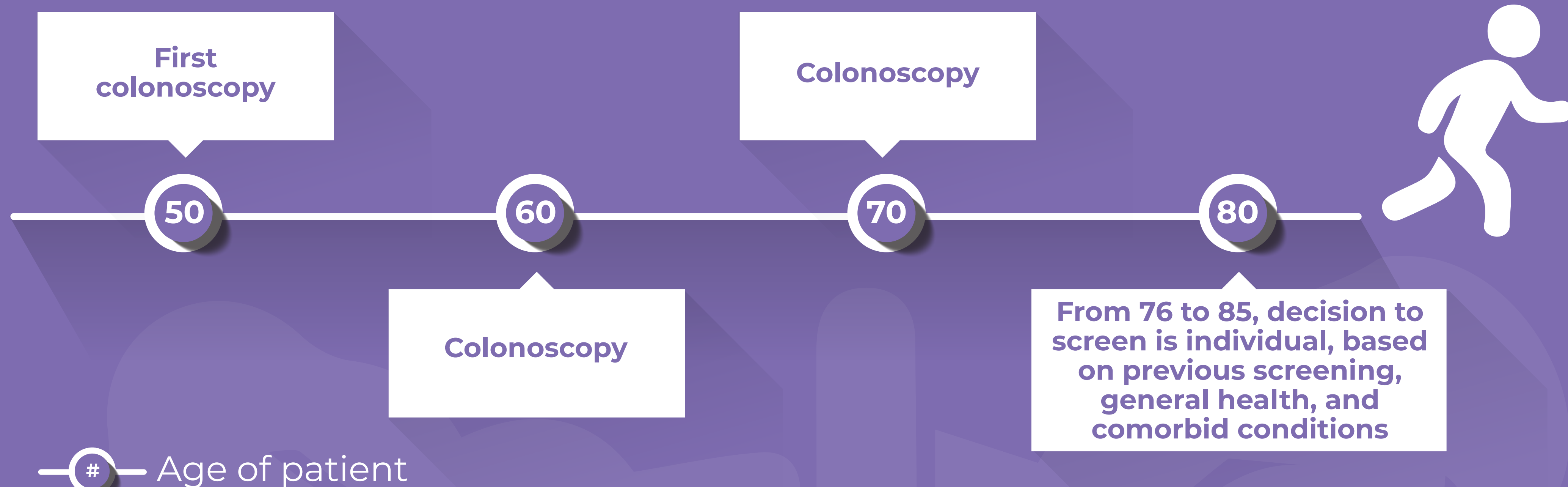
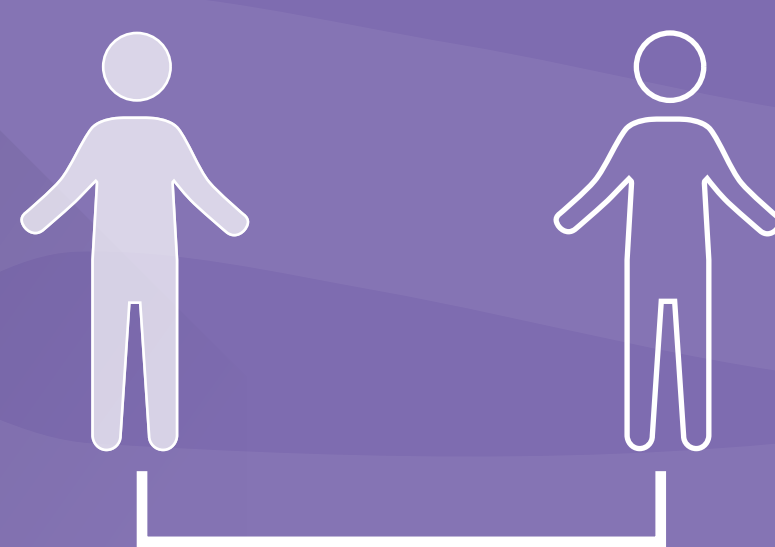


Colorectal Cancer Screening in Average Risk Patients¹



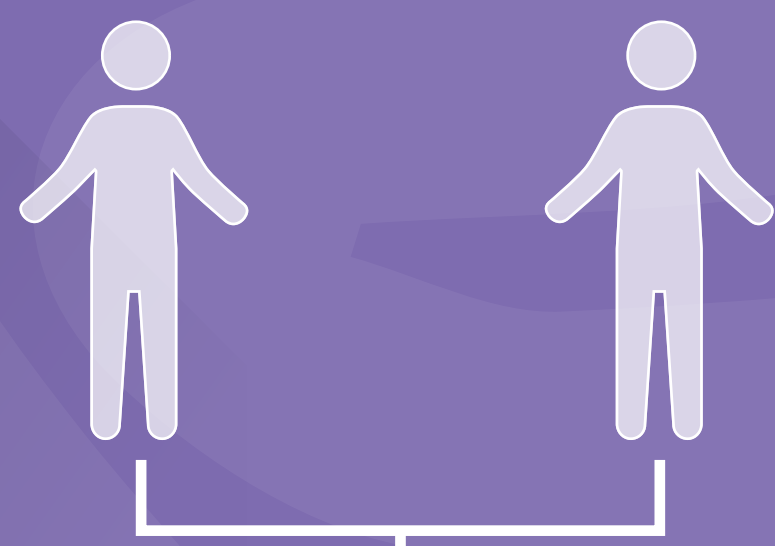
Colorectal Cancer Screening in Patients with Family History²

Colorectal cancer or advanced adenomatous polyps in 1st-degree relative* **AFTER** age 60



-OR-

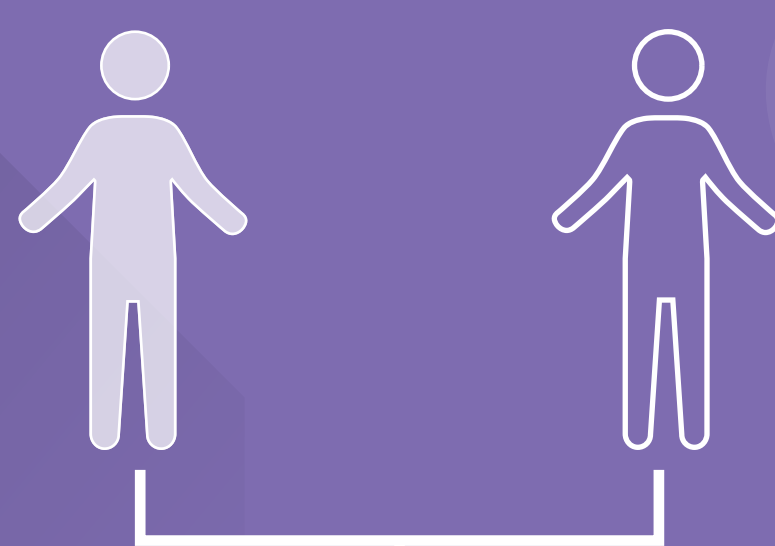
Colorectal cancer or advanced adenomatous polyps in **two 1st-degree** relatives at any age



Screen every 5 years,

beginning 10 years before the age at diagnosis of the youngest affected relative or age 40, whichever is earlier

Colorectal cancer or advanced adenomatous polyps in 1st-degree relative **BEFORE** age 60



Begin screening at 40 years

Screen at intervals recommended for average risk patients with any modality

*1st-degree relative: One's mother, father, or biologically related sister(s) or brother(s). 1. Bibbins-Domingo K, Grossman DC, Curry SJ, et al. Screening for colorectal cancer: US Preventive Services Task Force recommendation statement. JAMA. 2016;315(23):2564-2575. 2. Rex DK, Boland CR, Dominitz JA, et al. Colorectal cancer screening: Recommendations for physicians and patients from the U.S. Multi-Society Task Force on colorectal cancer. Am J Gastroenterol. 2017;112(7):1016-1030.